Amendment to the Claims:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method for preventing or treating an amyloid-related disease in a subject, comprising: administering to the subject an antigenic amount of an all-D peptide, wherein said all-D a peptide that elicits the production of antibodies against said all-D peptide and induces an immune response by said subject, thereby preventing or reducing amyloid-induced neurodegeneration or amyloid fibril formation, wherein said peptide comprises at least 50% D amino acids.
- 2. (Currently Amended) A method for preventing or treating an amyloid-related disease in a subject, comprising: administering to the subject an antigenic amount of an all-D peptide, wherein said all-D a peptide that interacts with an amyloid protein, elicits the production of antibodies against said all-D peptide, and induces an immune response by said subject, thereby preventing or reducing amyloid-induced cellular toxicity or amyloid fibril formation, wherein said peptide comprises at least 50% D amino acids.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said all-D peptide comprises a peptide of at least one region of an amyloid fibril or an amyloid protein, said region being selected from the group consisting of: $A\beta(1-42)$, C-terminal region, β sheet region, GAG-binding site region, cellular adherence region, immunogenic fragments thereof, protein conjugates thereof, immunogenic derivative peptides thereof, immunogenic peptides thereof, and immunogenic peptidomimetics thereof.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 3, wherein said all-D peptide further comprises:

(a) an N-terminal substituent selected from the group consisting of:

hydrogen;

lower alkyl group consisting of acyclic or cyclic having 1 to 8 carbon atoms;

aromatic group;

heterocyclic group; and

- (b) a C-terminal substituent selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, unsubstituted amino groups, and substituted amino groups.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein said alkyl or aromatic group is further substituted with a group selected from the group consisting of halide, hydroxyl, alkoxyl, aryloxyl, hydroxycarbonyl, alkoxylcarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, carbamyl, unsubstituted amino, substituted amino, sulfo, alkyloxysulfonyl, phosphono and alkoxyphosphonyl groups.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 4, wherein said all-D peptide further comprises an acid functional group, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester form thereof.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 4, wherein said all-D peptide further comprises a base functional group, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt form thereof.

- 8. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 3, wherein said all D peptide comprises SEQ ID NO:15.
 - 9-11. (Canceled).
- 12. (Currently Amended) A method for preventing or treating an amyloid-related disease in a subject, comprising:

administering to the subject an antigenic amount of a peptide having Formula I:

$$R'$$
— (P) — R'' (I)

wherein

- P is an all D a peptide of an amyloid fibril or an amyloid protein selected from the group consisting of: Aβ(1-42), C-terminal region, β sheet region, GAG-binding site region, cellular adherence region, immunogenic fragments thereof, protein conjugates thereof, immunogenic derivative peptides thereof, immunogenic peptides thereof, and immunogenic peptidomimetics thereof, wherein said peptide comprises at least 50% D amino acids;
- R' is an N-terminal substituent selected from the group consisting of:

hydrogen;

lower alkyl group consisting of acyclic or cyclic having 1 to 8 carbon atoms;

aromatic group;

heterocyclic group; and

- R" is a C-terminal substituent selected from the group consisting of hydroxy group, alkoxy group, aryloxy group, unsubstituted group, and substituted amino group.
- 13. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 12, wherein said all-D peptide elicits the production of antibodies against said all-D peptide, and induces an immune response by said subject, thereby preventing or reducing amyloid-induced neurodegeneration or amyloid fibril formation.
- 14. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 12, wherein said alkyl or aromatic group is further substituted with a group selected from the group consisting of halide, hydroxyl, alkoxyl, aryloxyl, hydroxycarbonyl, alkoxylcarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, carbamyl, unsubstituted amino, substituted amino, sulfo, alkyloxysulfonyl, phosphono and alkoxyphosphonyl groups.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 12, wherein said all-D peptide further comprises an acid functional group, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester form thereof.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 12, wherein said all-D peptide further comprises a base functional group, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt form thereof.
- 17. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 12, wherein said all-D peptide comprises SEQ ID NO:15.

18-20. (Canceled).

- 21. (Withdrawn) A composition for preventing or treating an amyloid-related disease in a subject, comprising an antigenic amount of an all-D peptide, wherein said all-D peptide elicits the production of antibodies against said all-D peptide, and induces an immune response by said subject, thereby preventing or reducing amyloid-induced cellular toxicity or amyloid fibril formation.
- 22. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 21, said all-D peptide interacts with at least one region of an amyloid protein, said region being selected from the group consisting of: C-terminal region, β sheet region, GAG-binding site region, macrophage adherence region, immunogenic fragments thereof, protein conjugates thereof, immunogenic derivative peptides thereof, immunogenic peptides thereof, and immunogenic peptidomimetics thereof.
 - 23. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 21, wherein said all-D peptide further comprises:
 - (a) an N-terminal substituent selected from the group consisting of:

hydrogen;

lower alkyl group consisting of acyclic or cyclic having 1 to 8 carbon atoms;

aromatic group;

heterocyclic group; and

- (b) a C-terminal substituent selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, unsubstituted and substituted amino group.
- 24. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 23, wherein said alkyl or aromatic group is further substituted with a group selected from the group consisting of halide, hydroxyl, alkoxyl, aryloxyl, hydroxycarbonyl, alkoxylcarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, carbamyl, unsubstituted amino, substituted amino, sulfo, alkyloxysulfonyl, phosphono and alkoxyphosphonyl groups.
- 25. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 24, wherein said all-D peptide further comprises an acid functional group, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester form thereof.
- 26. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 23, wherein said all-D peptide further comprises a base functional group, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt form thereof.
- 27. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 23, wherein said all-D peptide is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs:1-50.
- 28. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 27, wherein said all-D peptide is modified by substituting at least one amino acid residue with another amino acid or non-amino acid fragment.
 - 29. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 28, wherein said modified peptide is selected

from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs:51-65.

- 30. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 27, wherein said all-D peptide is modified by removing or inserting at least one amino acid residue.
- 31. (Withdrawn) A composition for preventing or treating an amyloid-related disease in a subject, comprising an antigenic amount of a peptide having Formula I:

$$R'-(P)-R''$$
 (I)

wherein

- P is an all-D peptide that interacts with at least one region of an amyloid protein selected from the group consisting of: C-terminal region, β sheet region, GAG-binding site region, macrophage adherence region, immunogenic fragments thereof, protein conjugates thereof, immunogenic derivative peptides thereof, immunogenic peptides thereof;
- R' is an N-terminal substituent selected from the group consisting of:

hydrogen;

lower alkyl group consisting of acyclic or cyclic having 1 to 8 carbon atoms;

aromatic group;

heterocyclic group; and

- R" is a C-terminal substituent selected from the group consisting of hydroxy group, alkoxy group, aryloxy group, unsubstituted group, and substituted amino group.
- 32. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 31, wherein said all-D peptide elicits the production of antibodies against said all-D peptide, and induces an immune response by said subject, thereby preventing or reducing amyloid-induced cellular toxicity or amyloid fibril formation.
- 33. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 31, wherein said alkyl or aromatic group is further substituted with a group selected from the group consisting of halide, hydroxyl, alkoxyl, aryloxyl, hydroxycarbonyl, alkoxylcarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, carbamyl, unsubstituted amino, substituted amino, sulfo, alkyloxysulfonyl, phosphono and alkoxyphosphonyl groups.
- 34. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 31, wherein said all-D peptide further comprises an acid functional group, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester form thereof.
- 35. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 31, wherein said all-D peptide further comprises a base functional group, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt form thereof.
- 36. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 31, wherein said all-D peptide is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs:1-50.
 - 37. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 36, wherein said all-D peptide is modified by

substituting one or more amino acid residues with other amino acid or non-amino acid fragment.

- 38. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 37, wherein said modified peptide is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs:51-65.
- 39. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 36, wherein said all-D peptide is modified by removing or inserting one or more amino acid residues.